
GPS Tracker

Communication Protocol

(T4-1C, T4-1M)

T-MARK

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T-MARK

I. Communication Protocol

Introduction

This document defines instructions about interface protocol on application layer of vehicles GPS tracker and location-based service platform. Related interface protocol only applies in the interaction between the platform and the position terminal.

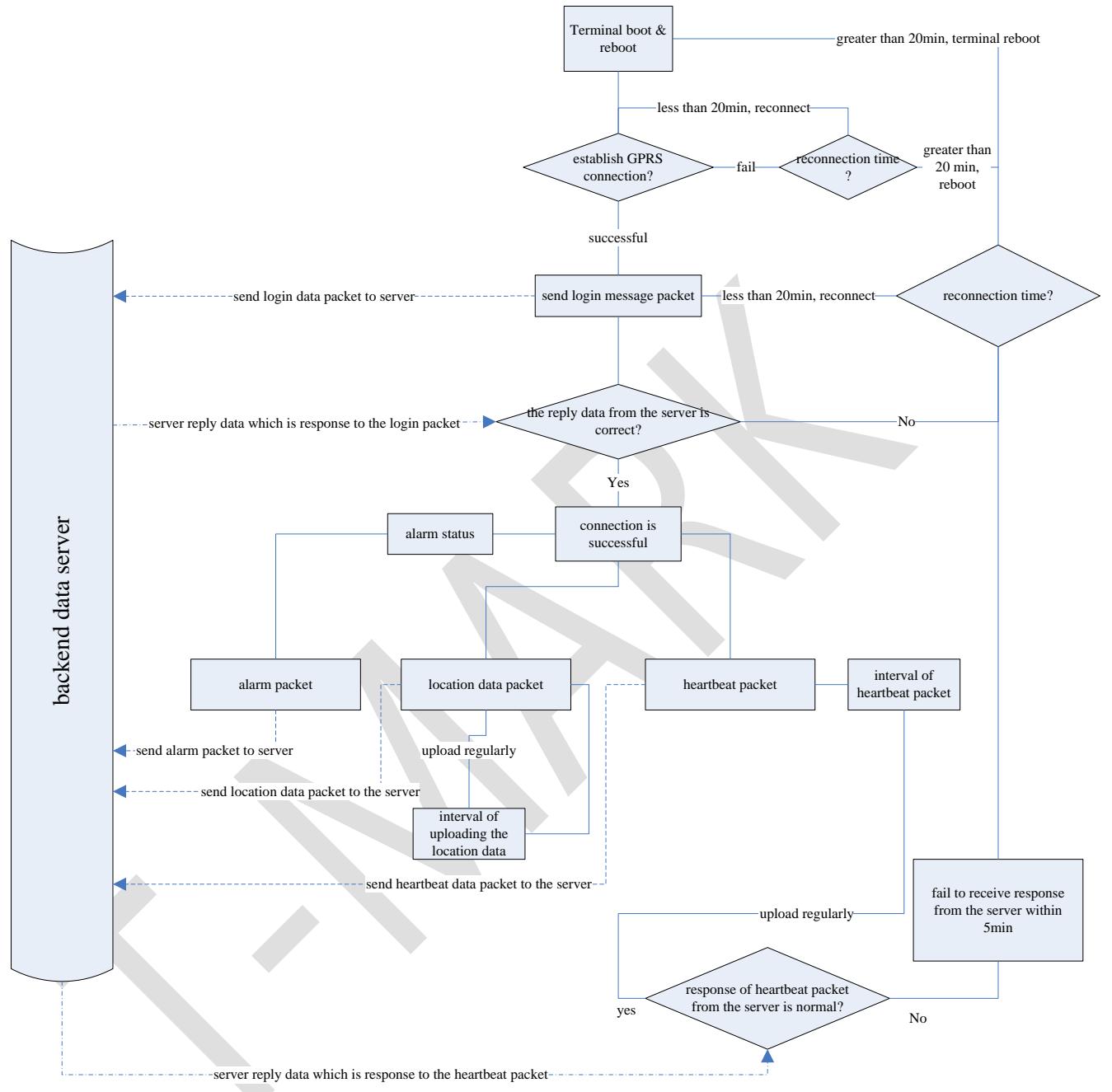
II. Terms, Definitions

Terms, Abbreviation	Definition in English	Definition in Chinese
CMPP	China Mobile Peer to Peer	中国移动点对点协议
GPS	Global Positioning System	全球卫星定位系统
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communication	全球移动通信系统
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service	通用无线分组业务
TCP	Transport Control Protocol	传输控制协议
LBS	Location Based Services	辅助定位服务
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	国际移动设备识别码
MCC	Mobile Country Code	移动用户所属国家代号
MNC	Mobile Network Code	移动网号码
LAC	Location Area Code	位置区码
Cell ID	Cell Tower ID	移动基站
UDP	User Datagram Protocol	用户数据报协议
SOS	Save Our Ship/Save Our Souls	遇难求救信号
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check	循环冗余校验
NITZ	Network Identity and Time Zone,	时区
GIS	Geographic Information System	地理信息系统

III. Basic Rules

1. If a GPRS connection is established successfully, the terminal will send a first login message packet to the server and, within five seconds, if the terminal receives a data packet responded by the server, the connection is considered to be a normal connection. The terminal will begin to send location information (i.e., GPS, LBS information package). A status information package will be sent by the terminal after three minutes to regularly confirm the connection.
2. If the GPRS connection is established unsuccessfully, the terminal will not be able to send the login message packet. The terminal will start schedule reboot in twenty minutes if the GPRS connection is failed three times. Within twenty minutes, if the terminal successfully connects to the server and receives the data packet from the server as the server's response to the login message packet sent by the terminal, the schedule reboot will be off and the terminal will not be rebooted; otherwise, the terminal will be rebooted automatically in twenty minutes.
3. After receiving the login message packet, the server will return a response data packet. If the terminal doesn't receive packet from the server within five seconds after sending the login message packet or the status information package, the current connection is regarded as an abnormal connection. The terminal will start a retransmission function for GPS tracking data, which will cause the terminal to disconnect the current GPRS connection, rebuild a new GPRS connection and send a login message packet again.
4. If the connection is regarded to be abnormal, and the data packet as a response from the server is failed to be received three times after a connection is established and a login message packet or status information package is sent, the terminal will start schedule reboot and the scheduled time is ten minutes. Within ten minutes, if the terminal successfully connects to the server and receives the data packet responded by the server, the schedule reboot will be off and the terminal will not be rebooted; otherwise, the terminal will be rebooted automatically in ten minutes.
5. In case of the normal connection, the terminal will send a combined information package of GPS and LBS to the server after the GPS information is changed; and the server may set a default protocol for transmission by using commands.
6. To ensure the effectiveness of the connection, the terminal will send status information to the server at regular intervals, and the server will return response data packets to confirm the connection.
7. For the terminal which doesn't register an IMEI number, the server will reply the terminal with a login request response and heartbeat packet response, rather than directly disconnect the connection. (If the connection is directly disconnected or the server doesn't reply to the terminal, it will lead to a continuous reconnected by the terminal and the GPRS traffic will be consumed heavily.)

Data Flow Diagram



IV. Data Packet Format

The communication is transferred asynchronously in bytes.

The total length of packets is (10+N) Bytes.

Format	Length(Byte)
Start Bit	2
Packet Length	1
Protocol Number	1
Information Content	N
Information Serial Number	2
Error Check	2
Stop Bit	2

4.1. Start Bit

Fixed value in HEX 0x78 0x78.

4.2. Packet Length

Length = Protocol Number + Information Content + Information Serial Number + Error Check, totally (5+N)Bytes, because the Information Content is a variable length field.

4.3. Protocol Number

Type	Value
Login Message	0x01
Location Data	0x12(V1.8) 0x22(V3) 0xA0(concox 4G) 0x32(V4)
Status information	0x13
String information	0x15
Alarm data	0x16
Command information sent by the server to the terminal	0x80
Timing package	0x8A
Information transfer data	0x94
Command information sent by the server to the terminal	0x80

1. In the V3 protocol, the location data is reported through 0x22, which can include: ACC status, blind spot marking, and mileage data.

2. In the concox 4G protocol, the location data is reported through 0xA0, and the message format of 0xA0 is specifically changed to MNC, LAC and Cell ID on the basis of 0x22. The increase of data reporting mode ,The increase of the external electric voltage reporting bit.

3.In the V4 protocol, the location data is reported through 0x32, and the message format of 0x32 is adjusted from 0x22:

A. The part of the base station adopts 4 bytes to meet the 28-bit requirements of 4G base station;

- B. Add 2 bytes of external voltage in 0.01V;
- C. Add 4 bytes after the voltage information, ACC open cumulative time in seconds;
- D. Add 2 bytes to reserve after the ACC accumulation time.

Other messages are similar to the regular GT06 protocol. After SZCS # GT06SEL=X, the device software is compatible with this message type.

4.4. Information Contents

The specific contents are determined by the protocol numbers corresponding to different applications.

4.5. Information Serial Number

The serial number of the first GPRS data (including status packet and data packet such as GPS, LBS) sent after booting is ‘1’, and the serial number of data sent later at each time will be automatically added ‘1’.

4.6. Error Check

A check code may be used by the terminal or the server to distinguish whether the received information is error or not. To prevent errors occur during data transmission, error check is added to against data misoperation, so as to increase the security and efficiency of the system. The check code is generated by the CRC-ITU checking method.

The check codes of data in the structure of the protocol, from the Packet Length to the Information Serial Number (including “Packet Length” and “Information Serial Number”), are values of CRC-ITU.

CRC error occur when the received information is calculated, the receiver will ignore and discard the data packet.

4.7. Stop Bit

Fixed value in HEX 0x0D 0x0A.

V. Details about Data Packet sent by Server to Terminal

The commonly used information packages sent by the terminal and those sent by the server will be interpreted separately.

5.1. Login Message Packet(0x01)

5.1.1. Terminal Sending Data Packet to Server

The login message packet is used to be sent to the server with the terminal ID so as to confirm the established connection is normal or not.

	Format	Length (Byte)	Example
Login Message Packet(18 Byte)	Start Bit	2	0x78 0x78
	Packet Length	1	0x0D
	Protocol Number	1	0x01
	Terminal ID	8	0x01 0x23 0x45 0x67 0x89 0x01 0x23 0x45
	Information Serial Number	2	0x00 0x01
	Error Check	2	0x8C 0xDD
	Stop Bit	2	0x0D 0xA

5.1.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.1.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.1.1.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.1.1.4. Terminal ID

The terminal ID applies IMEI number of 15 bits.

Example: if the IMEI is 123456789012345,

the terminal ID is 0x01 0x23 0x45 0x67 0x89 0x01 0x23 0x45.

5.1.1.5. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.1.1.6. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.1.1.7. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7

5.1.2. Server Responds the Data Packet

	Format	Length (Byte)	Example
Login Message Packet (10Byte)	Start Bit	2	<u>0x78 0x78</u>
	Packet Length	1	<u>0x05</u>
	Protocol Number	1	<u>0x01</u>
	Information Serial Number	2	<u>0x00 0x01</u>
	Error Check	2	<u>0xD9 0xDC</u>
	Stop Bit	2	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>

The response packet from the server to the terminal: the protocol number in the response packet is identical to the protocol number in the data packet sent by the terminal.

5.1.2.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.1.2.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.1.2.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.1.2.4. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.1.2.5. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.1.2.6. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.1.3. Examples

Examples of the login message packet sent by the terminal to the server and the response packet sent by the server to the terminal are as follows: (in the examples the terminal ID is 123456789012345

Example of data packet sent by the terminal 78 78 0D 01 01 23 45 67 89 01 23 45 00 01 8C DD 0D 0A

Explain

<u>0x78 0x78</u>	<u>0x0D</u>	<u>0x01</u>	<u>0x01 0x23 0x45 0x67 0x89 0x01 0x23 0x45</u>	<u>0x00 0x01</u>	<u>0x8C 0xDD</u>	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>
Start Bit	Length	Protocol No.	Terminal ID	Serial No.	Error Check	Stop Bit

Example of response packet returned by the server

78 78 05 01 00 01 D9 DC 0D 0A

Explain

<u>0x78 0x78</u>	<u>0x05</u>	<u>0x01</u>	<u>0x00 0x01</u>	<u>0xD9 0xDC</u>	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>
Start Bit	Length	Protocol No.	Serial No.	Error Check	Start Bit

5.2. Location Data Packet (0x12, default)

5.2.1. Terminal Sending Location Data Packet to Server

Format		Length (Byte)	Example
Information Content	Start Bit	2	0x78 0x78
	Packet Length	1	0x1F
	Protocol Number	1	0x12 (UTC)
	GPS Information	Date Time	0x13 0x08 0x1D 0x11 0x0C 0x10
		GPS information	0xCB
		Latitude	0x02 0x7A 0xCF 0xEB
		Longitude	0xCC 0x46 0x58 0x49
		Speed	0x10
		Course, Status	0x15 0x4C
	LBS Information	MCC	0x01 0xCC
		MNC	0x00
		LAC	0x28 0x7D
		Cell ID	0x00 0x1F 0xB8
	Serial Number		0x00 0x03
	Error Check		0x9D 0xDC
	Stop Bit		0xD 0xA

5.2.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.2.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.2.1.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.2.1.4. Date Time

Format	Length(Byte)	Example
Year	1	0x13
Month	1	0x08
Day	1	0x1D
Hour	1	0x11
Minute	1	0x0C
Second	1	0x10

Example: 2019-08-29 17:12:16

Calculated as follows: 19(Decimal)=13(Hexadecimal)

08 (Decimal)=08(Hexadecimal)

29(Decimal)=1D(Hexadecimal)

17(Decimal)=11(Hexadecimal)

12(Decimal)=0C(Hexadecimal)

16(Decimal)=10(Hexadecimal)

Then the value is: 0x0A 0x03 0x17 0x0F 0x32 0x17

The date and time of the GPS location pack is the time zone set by the device.

5.2.1.5. Length of GPS information, quantity of positioning satellites

1Byte converted into binary is 8Bit, the first 4 bits are the length of GPS information, the last 4 bits are the current number of satellites of the device, and the maximum number of satellites is 15.

Note: The length includes 1Byte occupied by itself.

Example: if the value is 0xCB, it means the length of GPS information is 12 and the number of the positioning satellites is 11.

5.2.1.6. Latitude

Four bytes are consumed, defining the latitude value of location data. The range of the value is 0-162000000, indicating a range of 0° - 90° . The conversion method thereof is as follow:

Converting the value of latitude and longitude output by GPS module into a decimal based on minute; multiplying the converted decimal by 30000; and converting the multiplied result into hexadecimal.

Example: $22^{\circ}32.7658' = (22 * 60 + 32.7658) * 3000 = 40582974$, then converted into a hexadecimal number

40582974(Decimal)= 26B3F3E(Hexadecimal)

at last the value is 0x02 0x6B 0x3F 0x3E.

5.2.1.7. Longitude

Four bytes are consumed, defining the longitude value of location data. The range of the value is 0-324000000, indicating a range of 0° - 180° .

The conversion method herein is same to the method mentioned in Latitude (see section 5.2.1.6).

5.2.1.8. Speed

One byte is consumed, defining the running Speed of GPS. The value ranges from 0x00 to 0xFF indicating a range from 0 to 225km/h.

e.g. 0x00 represents 0 km/h.

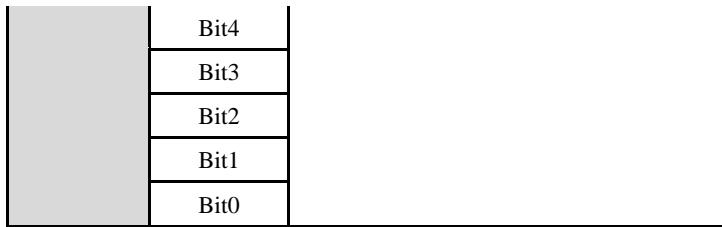
0x10 represents 16km/h.

0xFF represents 255 km/h.

5.2.1.9. Course and Status

Two bytes are consumed, defining the running direction of GPS. The value ranges from 0° to 360° measured clockwise from north of 0° .

BYTE_1	Bit7	0
	Bit6	0
	Bit5	GPS real-time/differential positioning
	Bit4	GPS having been positioning or not
	Bit3	East Longitude, West Longitude
	Bit2	South Latitude, North Latitude
	Bit1	
	Bit0	
BYTE_2	Bit7	Course
	Bit6	
	Bit5	



Note: The status information in the data packet is the status corresponding to the time bit recorded in the data packet.

For example: the value is 0x15 0x4C, the corresponding binary is 00010101 01001100,

BYTE_1 Bit7	0 (No definition)
BYTE_1 Bit6	0 (No definition)
BYTE_1 Bit5	0 (real time GPS)
BYTE_1 Bit4	1 (GPS has been positioned)
BYTE_1 Bit3	0 (East Longitude)
BYTE_1 Bit2	1 (North Latitude)
BYTE_1 Bit1	0
BYTE_1 Bit0	1
BYTE_2 Bit7	0
BYTE_2 Bit7	1
BYTE_2 Bit7	0
BYTE_2 Bit7	0
BYTE_2 Bit7	1
BYTE_2 Bit7	1
BYTE_2 Bit7	0
BYTE_2 Bit7	0

Course 332° (0101001100 in Binary, or 332 in decimal)

which means GPS tracking is on, real time GPS, location at north latitude, east longitude and the course is 332°.

5.2.1.10. MCC

The country code to which a mobile user belongs, i.e., Mobile Country Code(MCC).

Example: Chinese MCC is 460 in decimal, or 0x01 0xCC in Hex (that is, a decimal value of 460 converting into a hexadecimal value, and 0 is added at the left side because the converted hexadecimal value is less than four digits).

Herein the range is 0x0000 ~ 0x03E7.

5.2.1.11. MNC

Mobile Network Code(MNC)

Example: Chinese MNC is 0x00.

5.2.1.12. LAC

Location Area Code (LAC) included in LAI consists of two bytes and is encoded in hexadecimal. The available range is 0x0001-0xFFFF, and the code group 0x0000 and 0xFFFF cannot be used. (see GSM specification 03.03, 04.08 and 11.11).

5.2.1.13. Cell ID

Cell Tower ID (Cell ID), which value ranges from 0x000000 to 0xFFFFFFF.

5.2.1.14. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.2.1.15. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.2.1.16. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.2.2. Examples of Packet Sent from Terminal to Server

Example of sending by the terminal

78 78 1F 12 0B 08 1D 11 2E 10 CC 02 7A C7 EB 0C 46 58 49 00 14 8F 01 CC 00 28 7D 00 1F B8 00 03 80 81 0D 0A

Explain

0x78 0x78	0x1F	0x12	0x0B 0x08 0x1D 0x11 0x2E 0x10	0xCC	0x02 0x7A 0xC7 0xEB
Start Bit	Packet Length	Protocol No.	Date Time	Quantity of GPS information	Latitude satellites
0x0C 0x46 0x58 0x49	0x00	0x14 0x8F	0x01 0xCC	0x00	0x28 0x7D 0x00 0x1F 0xB8 0x00 0x03
Longitude	Speed	Course Status	MCC	MNC	LAC Cell ID Serial No.
0x80 0x81	0xD 0xA				
Error Check	Stop Bit				

Note: The 0x12 GPS / LBS information packet will be saved when the GSM signal is abnormal, and then re-transmitted to the platform; the re-transmission method is not real-time upload, but after the device is stationary, upload the reserved positioning points.

5.2.3. Server Location Package Reply

Location packets do not require a reply

5.3. Location Data Packet (0x22,V3 protocol)

5.3.1. Terminal Sending Location Packet to Server

	Format	Length (Byte)	Example
	Start Bit	2	0x78 0x78
	Packet Length	1	0x26
	Protocol Number	1	0x22 (UTC)
Information Content	Date Time	6	0x13 0x08 0x1D 0x11 0x0C 0x10
	GPS information	1	0xCB
	Latitude	4	0x02 0x7A 0xCF 0xEB
	Longitude	4	0xCC 0x46 0x58 0x49
	Speed	1	0x10
	Course, Status	2	0x15 0x4C
	MCC	2	0x01 0xCC
	MNC	1	0x00
	LAC	2	0x28 0x7D
	Cell ID	3	0x00 0x1F 0xB8
	ACC	1	0x01
	Data reporting mode	1	0x00
	GPS Real-time Supplementary	1	0x00
	Mileage statistics	4	0x00 0x01 0x45 0x42
	Serial Number	2	0x00 0x03
	Error Check	2	0x9D 0xDC
	Stop Bit	2	0xD 0xA

5.3.1.1. ACC

ACC status (0x00 for ACC off, 0x01 for ACC on)

5.3.1.2. Data reporting mode

0x00 Timed reporting

5.3.1.3. GPS Real-time / Supplementary

0x00: Real-time upload, 0x01: Supplementary upload.

5.3.1.4. Mileage statistics

Convert to decimal to get the result (some products have this function, no such function without this position)

Example: 78 78 22 22 0F 0C 1D 02 33 05 C9 02 7A C8 18 0C 46 58 60 00 14 00 01 CC 00 28 7D 00 1F 71 00 00 01 00 08 20 86 0D 0A

5.3.2. Server Location Package Reply

Location packets do not require a reply

5.4. Location Data Packet (0xA0,4G Protocol,)

5.4.1. Terminal Sending Location Packet to Server

Format	Length (Byte)	Example
Start Bit	2	0x78 0x78
Packet Length	1	0x30
Protocol Number	1	0xA0 (UTC)
Information Content	Date Time	0x13 0x08 0x1D 0x11 0x0C 0x10
	GPS information	0xCB
	Latitude	0x02 0x7A 0xCF 0xEB
	Longitude	0xCC 0x46 0x58 0x49
	Speed	0x10
	Course, Status	0x15 0x4C
	MCC	0x01 0xCC
	MNC	0x00 0x01
	LAC	0x28 0x7D
	Cell ID	0x00 0x1F 0xB8
	ACC	0x01
	Data reporting mode	0x00
	GPS Real-time Supplementary	0x00
	Mileage statistics	0x00 0x01 0x45 0x42
	Voltage	0x04 0xD2
Serial Number	2	0x00 0x03
Error Check	2	0x9D 0xDC
Stop Bit	2	0x0D 0x0A

5.4.1.1. ACC

ACC status (0x00 for ACC off, 0x01 for ACC on)

5.4.1.2. Data reporting mode

0x00 Timed reporting

5.4.1.3. GPS Real-time / Supplementary

0x00: Real-time upload, 0x01: Supplementary upload.

5.4.1.4. Mileage statistics

Convert to decimal to get the result (some products have this function, no such function without this position)

5.4.1.5. Voltage

Convert the result to decimal and multiply by 0.01V

(some products have this function, no such function without this position)

Example: 78 78 2E A0 18 03 0C 0A 22 2C CE 02 6C C7 78 0C 36 7C A0 00 14 39 81 CC 00 00 00 00 25 EF 00 00 00 00 05 40 E8 8C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 02 A5 93 0D 0A

Note: If MNC occupies two bytes in some compatible countries, the MCC highest bit bit is used to distinguish the MNC length. When the MCC highest bit bit is 1, the MNC length is 2

Bit		Code meaning
Bytes	Bit15	1:MNC, a length of 2
		0: MNC, a length of 1
Bit0-Bit14		MCC information

Other parts of the content are analyzed in the previous section

5.4.2. Server Location Package Reply

Location packets do not require a reply

5.5. Location Data Packet (0x32,V4 Protocol,)

5.5.1. Terminal Sending Location Packet to Server

Format	Length (Byte)	Example
Start Bit	2	0x78 0x78
Packet Length	1	0x2F
Protocol Number	1	0x32 (UTC)
Information Content	Date Time	0x13 0x08 0x1D 0x11 0x0C 0x10
	GPS information	0xCB
	Latitude	0x02 0x7A 0xCF 0xEB
	Longitude	0xCC 0x46 0x58 0x49
	Speed	0x10
	Course, Status	0x15 0x4C
	MCC	0x01 0xCC
	MNC	0x00 0x01
	LAC	0x28 0x7D
	Cell ID	0x00 0x00 0x1F 0xB8
	ACC	0x01
	Data reporting mode	0x00
	GPS Real-time Supplementary	0x00
	Mileage statistics	0x00 0x01 0x45 0x42
	Extern Voltage	0x04 0xD2
	ACC ON TIME statistics	0x00 0x00 0x00 0x66
	reserve	0x00 0x00
Serial Number		0x00 0x03
Error Check		0x9D 0xDC
Stop Bit		0xD 0xA

5.4.1.1. Voltage

Convert the result to decimal and multiply by 0.01V

(some products have this function, no such function without this position)

5.4.1.2. ACC ON TIME statistics

ACC cumulative time in seconds(converted to a decimal)

5.4.1.3. reserve

Keep the size of two bytes

Example: 78 78 2F 32 18 03 0C 07 29 18 CF 02 6C C7 C8 0C 36 7D 20 00 14 00 01 CC 00 25
EF 05 40 E8 8C 01 00 00 00 00 64 04 92 00 00 08 46 00 00 00 63 81 73 0D 0A

5.5.2. Server Location Package Reply

Location packets do not require a reply

5.6. Heartbeat Packet (0x13)

Heartbeat packet is a data packet to maintain the connection between the terminal and the server.

5.6.1. Terminal Sending Heartbeat Packet to Server

Format		Length (Byte)
Information Content	Start Bit	2
	Packet Length	1
	Protocol Number	1
	Status Information	Terminal Information Content
		1
		Voltage Level
		GSM Signal Strength
	Extended data	2
	Serial Number	2
	Error Check	2
	Stop Bit	2

5.6.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.6.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.6.1.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.6.1.4. Terminal Information

Occupies 1 byte, converted to binary, used to represent the status information of the terminal.

Bit		Code Meaning
BYTE	Bit7	1: oil and electricity disconnected
		0: gas oil and electricity
	Bit6	1: GPS tracking is on
		0: GPS tracking is off
	Bit5~ Bit3	100: SOS
		011: Low Battery Alarm
		010: Power Cut Alarm
		001: Shock Alarm
	Bit2	000: Normal
		1: Charge On
	Bit1	0: Charge Off
		1: ACC high
	Bit0	0: ACC Low
		1: Activated
		0: Deactivated

5.6.1.5. Voltage Level

The arrange is 0~6 defining the voltage is from low to high.

0: No Power (shutdown)

1: Extremely Low Battery (not enough for calling or sending text messages, etc.)

2: Very Low Battery (Low Battery Alarm)

3: Low Battery (can be used normally)

4: Medium

5: High

6: Very High

5.6.1.6. GSM Signal Strength Levels

0x00: no signal.

0x01: Very weak signal

0x02: Weak signal

0x03: good signal

0x04: strong signal

5.6.1.7. Extended data (language)

Terminal current language bit:

Chinese: 0x00 0x01;

English: 0x00 0x02;

5.6.1.8. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.6.1.9. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.6.1.10. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.6.2. Server Responds the Data Packet

Format		Length (Byte)	Example
Information Content	Start Bit	2	<u>0x78 0x78</u>
	Packet Length	1	<u>0x05</u>
	Protocol Number	1	<u>0x13</u>
	Information Serial Number	2	<u>0x00 0x01</u>
	Error Check	2	<u>0xD9 0xDC</u>
	Stop Bit	2	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>

The response packet from the server to the terminal: the protocol number in the response packet is identical to the protocol number in the data packet sent by the terminal.

5.6.2.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.6.2.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.6.2.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.6.2.4. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.6.2.5. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.6.2.6. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

Example of data packet sent by the terminal

78 78 0A 13 4B 04 03 00 01 00 11 06 1F 0D 0A

Explain

<u>0x78 0x78</u>	<u>0x0A</u>	<u>0x13</u>	<u>0x4B 0x04 0x03</u>	<u>0x00 0x01</u>	<u>0x00 0x11</u>	<u>0x06 0x1F</u>	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>
Start Bit	Length	Protocol No.	Information Content	Reserved bit (Language)	Serial No.	Error Check	Stop Bit

Example of response packet returned by the server

78 78 05 13 00 11 F9 70 0D 0A

Explain

<u>0x78 0x78</u>	<u>0x05</u>	<u>0x13</u>	<u>0x00 0x11</u>	<u>0xF9 0x70</u>	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>
Start Bit	Length	Protocol No.	Serial No.	Error Check	Stop Bit

5.7. Alarm Packet(0x16)

5.7.1. Server Sending Alarm Data Packet to Server

	Format	Length (Byte)	Example
Informations Content	Start Bit	2	0x78 0x78
	Packet Length	1	0x 25
	Protocol Number	1	0x 16
	Date Time	6	0x0B 0x08 0x1D 0x11 0x2E 0x10
	GPS Information	Quantity of GPS information satellites	1 0x C0
		Latitude	4 0xCF
		Longitude	4 0x04 0x36 0x6B 0x34
		Speed	1 0x0C 0x46 0x58 0x49
		Course, Status	2 0x00
	LBS Information	LBS Length	1 0x2e
		MCC	2 0x01 0xCC
		MNC	1 0x00
		LAC	2 0x28 0x7D
		Cell ID	3 0x00 0x1F 0xB8
	status Information	Terminal Information Content	1 0x38
		Voltage Level	1 0x0c
		GSM Signal Strength	1 0x04
		Alarm information	2 0x00
	Serial Number	2	0x00 0x08
	Error Check	2	0x2a 0x8b
	Stop Bit	2	0xd 0xa

Alarm packet is consisted by adding status information to location packet, so does the encoding format of the protocol.

5.7.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.7.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.7.1.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.7.1.4. Date Time

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.4.

5.7.1.5. Length of GPS information, quantity of positioning satellites

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.5.

5.7.1.6. Latitude

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.6.

5.7.1.7. Longitude

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.7.

5.7.1.8. Speed

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.8.

5.7.1.9. Course and Status

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.9.

5.7.1.10. LBS Length

The length of LBS information, Length is: 0x09

5.7.1.11. MCC

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.10.

5.7.1.12. MNC

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.11.

5.7.1.13. LAC

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.12.

5.7.1.14. Cell ID

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.13.

5.7.1.15. Terminal Information

One byte is consumed, defining various status information of the mobile phone.

Bit	Code Meaning
BYTE	Bit7 1: oil and electricity disconnected 0: gas oil and electricity connected
	Bit6 1: GPS tracking is on 0: GPS tracking is off
	Bit5~ Bit3 100: SOS 011: Low Battery Alarm 010: Power Cut Alarm 001: Vibration Alarm 000: Normal
	Bit2 1: Charge On 0: Charge Off
	Bit1 1: ACC high 0: ACC Low
	Bit0 1: Activated 0: Deactivated

Example: 0x44, corresponding binary value is 01000100,

indicates that the status of the terminal is: oil and electricity connected, GPS tracking is on, normal without any alarm, charge on, ACC is low, and deactivated.

5.7.1.16. Voltage Level

The arrange is 0~6 defining the voltage is from low to high.

0: No Power (shutdown)

1: Extremely Low Battery (not enough for calling or sending text messages, etc.)

2: Very Low Battery (Low Battery Alarm)

3: Low Battery (can be used normally)

4: Medium

5: High

6: Very High

5.7.1.17. GSM Signal Strength Levels

0x00: no signal.

0x01: Very weak signal

0x02: Weak signal

0x03: good signal

0x04: strong signal

5.7.1.18. Alarm Information

former bit: terminal alarm status (suitable for alarm packet and electronic fence project)

latter bit: the current language used in the terminal

Byte1(Alarm)	0x00: normal
	0x01: SOS
	0x02: Power Cut Alarm
	0x03: Vibration Alarm
	0x04: Enter fence alarm
	0x05: Exit fence Alarm
	0x06: Over speed alarm
	0x09: Displacement alarm
	0x0E: Power low alarm
	0x13: Disassemble alarm
	0xFE: ACC On alarm
	0xFF: ACC Off alarm
	Byte2(Language)
	0x01:Chinese
	0x02:English

5.7.1.19. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.7.1.20. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.7.1.21. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.7.2. Server Responds the Data Packet

Format		Length (Byte)	Example
Information Content	Start Bit	2	0x78 0x78
	Packet Length	1	<u>0x05</u>
	Protocol Number	1	<u>0x16</u>
	Information Serial Number	2	<u>0x00 0x01</u>
	Error Check	2	<u>0xD9 0xDC</u>
	Stop Bit	2	<u>0xD 0xA</u>

GPS Tracker Communication Protocol

Examples of terminal transmission

78 78 25 16 0B 0B 0F 0E 24 1D CF 02 7A C8 87 0C 46 57 E6 00 14 02 09 01 CC 00 28 7D 00 1F 72 65 06 04 01 01 00 36
56 A4 0D 0A

Explain

0x78 0x78	0x25	0x16	0x0B 0x0B 0x0F 0x0E 0x24 x01D	0xCF	0x02 0x7A 0xC8 0x87	Quantity of GPS information satellites			Latitude
Start Bit	Length	Protocol No.	Date Time			MCC	MNC	LAC	Cell ID
0x0C 0x46 0x57 0xE6	0x00	0x14 0x02	0x09	0x01 0xCC	0x00	0x28 0x7D	0x00 0x1F 0x72		
Longitude	Speed	Course Status	LBS Length						
0x65	0x06	0x04	0x01 0x01	0x00 0x36	0x56 0xA4				
Terminal Information Content	Voltage Level	GSM Signal Strength	Alarm/Language	Serial No.	Error Check				

5.8. Time Sync Package(0x8A)

It is used to automatically request time sync from the server when the terminal is powered on, so as to solve the problem of time error when the boot is not located.

The server replies with the correct time and format, the time is UTC time

5.8.1. Terminal sends time sync request

Format	Length	Example
Start Bit	2	<u>0x78 0x78</u>
Packet Length	1	<u>0x05</u>
Protocol Number	1	<u>0x8A</u>
Information Serial Number	2	<u>0x00 0x06</u>
Error Check	2	<u>0x88 0x29</u>
Stop Bit	2	<u>0xD 0xA</u>

5.8.2. Server Response Time Sync

Format	Length	Example
Start Bit	2	<u>0x78 0x78</u>
Packet Length	1	<u>0x0B</u>
Protocol Number	1	<u>0x8A(UTC)</u>
Information Content	Date time	<u>0x0F 0x0C 0x1D 0x00</u> <u>0x00 0x15</u>
Information Serial Number	2	<u>0x00 0x06</u>
Error Check	2	<u>0xF0 0x86</u>
Stop Bit	2	<u>0xD 0xA</u>

5.9. Information Transfer Common Package(0x94)

Used by terminals to transmit various types of non-location data

5.9.1. Terminal send information transmission common package

Format	Length	Example
Start Bit	2	<u>0x789 0x79</u>
Packet Length	2	
Protocol Number	1	<u>0x94</u>
Information Content	Type of information (sub-protocol number)	00 External voltage 0A ICCID
	Data content	N Different transmission contents depending on the type of information
Information Serial Number	2	<u>0x00 0x06</u>
Error Check	2	<u>0xF0 0x86</u>
Stop Bit	2	<u>0xD 0xA</u>

Example:

7979007F9404414C4D313D43343B414C4D323D43433B414C4D333D34433B535441313D43303
B4459443D30313B534F533D2C2C3B43454E5445523D3B46454E43453D46656E63652C4F4E2C
302C32332E3131313830392C3131342E3430393236342C3430302C494E206F72204F55542C303B
4D4946493D4D4946492C4F4646000A061E0D0A

5.9.1.1. Data content

When the type is **00**, this bit transmits the external power voltage, which is two hexadecimal numbers, and divides by 100 after converting hexadecimal to decimal, for example.

0X04,0X9F,049F converted to decimal is 1183, divided by 100 is 11.83, which means the value of external voltage of terminal is 11.83V at this time.

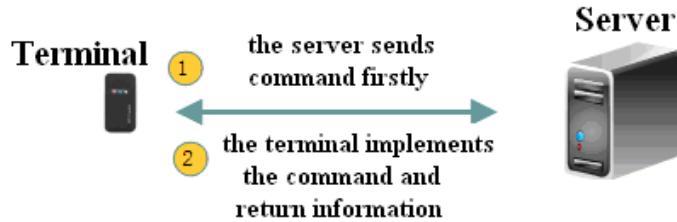
When the type is **0A**, the ICCID information is transmitted, and the transmission is a hexadecimal number

IMEI	8	Example: The IMEI number is 123456789123456, then the terminal ID is: 0x010x230x450x670x890x120x340x56
IMSI	8	Example: The IMSI number is 123456789123456, then the terminal ID is: 0x010x230x450x670x890x120x340x56
ICCID	10	Example: The ICCID number is 12345123456789123456, then the terminal ID is: 0X120x340x510x230x450x670x890x120x340x56

5.9.2. Server Response

Server does not need to reply

VI. Data Packet Sent From Server to Terminal(0x80)



6.1. Packet Sent by Server

Format	Length (Byte)	
Start Bit	2	
Packet length	1	
Protocol Number	1	
Information Content	Length of Command	1
	Server Flag Bit	4
	Command Content	N
Information Serial Number	2	
Error Check	2	
Stop Bit	2	

6.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

6.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

6.1.3. Protocol Number

The Protocol Number of terminal transmission is 0x80.

6.1.4. Length of Command

Length of Command = Server Flag Bit +Command Content

6.1.5. Server Flag Bit

It is reserved to the identification of the server. The binary data received by the terminal is returned without change.

6.1.6. Command Content

It is represented in ASC II of string, and the command content is compatible with text message command.

6.1.7. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

6.1.8. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

6.1.9. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

6.2. Packet Replied by Terminal(0x15)

Format	Length (Byte)	
Start Bit	2	
Packet Length	1	
Protocol Number	1	
Information Content	Length of Command	1
	Server Flag Bit	4
	Command Content	N
	Language	2
Information Serial Number	2	
Error Check	2	
Stop Bit	2	

6.2.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

6.2.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

6.2.3. Protocol Number

The terminal responds to the command sent by the server. The format of data packet is consistent with “the command sent by the server to the terminal”, but the Protocol Number herein is different and is 0x15

6.2.4. Length of Command

Length of Command = Server Flag Bit +Command Content

6.2.5. Server Flag Bit

It is reserved to the identification of the server. The binary data received by the terminal is returned without change.

6.2.6. Command Content

It is represented in ASC II of string, and the command content is compatible with text message command.

6.2.7. Language

Chinese: 0x00 0x01

English: 0x00 0x02

6.2.8. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

6.2.9. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

6.2.10. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

Appendix A: code fragment of the CRC-ITU lookup table algorithm implemented based on C language

Code fragment of the CRC-ITU lookup table algorithm implemented based on C language is as follow:

```
static const U16 crctab16[] =
{
    0X0000, 0X1189, 0X2312, 0X329B, 0X4624, 0X57AD, 0X6536, 0X74BF,
    0X8C48, 0X9DC1, 0XAF5A, 0XBED3, 0XCA6C, 0XDBE5, 0XE97E, 0XF8F7,
    0X1081, 0X0108, 0X3393, 0X221A, 0X56A5, 0X472C, 0X75B7, 0X643E,
    0X9CC9, 0X8D40, 0XBFDB, 0XAE52, 0XDAED, 0XCB64, 0XF9FF, 0XE876,
    0X2102, 0X308B, 0X0210, 0X1399, 0X6726, 0X76AF, 0X4434, 0X55BD,
    0XAD4A, 0XBCC3, 0X8E58, 0X9FD1, 0XEB6E, 0XFAE7, 0XC87C, 0XD9F5,
    0X3183, 0X200A, 0X1291, 0X0318, 0X77A7, 0X662E, 0X54B5, 0X453C,
    0XBDCB, 0XAC42, 0X9ED9, 0X8F50, 0XFBEF, 0XEA66, 0XD8FD, 0XC974,
    0X4204, 0X538D, 0X6116, 0X709F, 0X0420, 0X15A9, 0X2732, 0X36BB,
    0XCE4C, 0XDFC5, 0XED5E, 0XFCD7, 0X8868, 0X99E1, 0XAB7A, 0XBAF3,
    0X5285, 0X430C, 0X7197, 0X601E, 0X14A1, 0X0528, 0X37B3, 0X263A,
    0XDECD, 0XCF44, 0XFDDF, 0XEC56, 0X98E9, 0X8960, 0XBBFB, 0XAA72,
    0X6306, 0X728F, 0X4014, 0X519D, 0X2522, 0X34AB, 0X0630, 0X17B9,
    0XEF4E, 0XFEC7, 0XCC5C, 0XDDD5, 0XA96A, 0XB8E3, 0X8A78, 0X9BF1,
    0X7387, 0X620E, 0X5095, 0X411C, 0X35A3, 0X242A, 0X16B1, 0X0738,
    0XFFCF, 0XEE46, 0XDCD2, 0XCD54, 0XB9EB, 0XA862, 0X9AF9, 0X8B70,
    0X8408, 0X9581, 0XA71A, 0XB693, 0XC22C, 0XD3A5, 0XE13E, 0XF0B7,
    0X0840, 0X19C9, 0X2B52, 0X3ADB, 0X4E64, 0X5FED, 0X6D76, 0X7CFF,
    0X9489, 0X8500, 0XB79B, 0XA612, 0XD2AD, 0XC324, 0XF1BF, 0XE036,
    0X18C1, 0X0948, 0X3BD3, 0X2A5A, 0X5EE5, 0X4F6C, 0X7DF7, 0X6C7E,
    0XA50A, 0XB483, 0X8618, 0X9791, 0XE32E, 0XF2A7, 0XC03C, 0XD1B5,
    0X2942, 0X38CB, 0X0A50, 0X1BD9, 0X6F66, 0X7EEF, 0X4C74, 0X5DFD,
    0XB58B, 0XA402, 0X9699, 0X8710, 0XF3AF, 0XE226, 0XD0BD, 0XC134,
    0X39C3, 0X284A, 0X1AD1, 0X0B58, 0X7FE7, 0X6E6E, 0X5CF5, 0X4D7C,
    0XC60C, 0XD785, 0XE51E, 0XF497, 0X8028, 0X91A1, 0XA33A, 0XB2B3,
    0X4A44, 0X5BCD, 0X6956, 0X78DF, 0X0C60, 0X1DE9, 0X2F72, 0X3EFB,
    0XD68D, 0XC704, 0XF59F, 0XE416, 0X90A9, 0X8120, 0XB3BB, 0XA232,
    0X5AC5, 0X4B4C, 0X79D7, 0X685E, 0X1CE1, 0X0D68, 0X3FF3, 0X2E7A,
    0XE70E, 0XF687, 0XC41C, 0XD595, 0XA12A, 0XB0A3, 0X8238, 0X93B1,
    0X6B46, 0X7ACF, 0X4854, 0X59DD, 0X2D62, 0X3CEB, 0X0E70, 0X1FF9,
    0XF78F, 0XE606, 0XD49D, 0XC514, 0XB1AB, 0XA022, 0X92B9, 0X8330,
    0X7BC7, 0X6A4E, 0X58D5, 0X495C, 0X3DE3, 0X2C6A, 0X1EF1, 0X0F78,
};

// calculate the 16-bit CRC of data with predetermined length.
U16 GetCrc16(const U8* pData, int nLength)
{
    U16 fcs = 0xffff;           // initialization
    while(nLength>0){
        fcs = (fcs >> 8) ^ crctab16[(fcs ^ *pData) & 0xff];
        nLength--;
        pData++;
    }
    return ~fcs;                // negated
}
```

Appendix B: : a fragment of example of data packet of communication protocol

Login packet:

transmission: 78 78 0D 01 03 53 41 35 32 15 03 62 00 02 2D 06 0D 0A

reception: 78 78 05 01 00 02 EB 47 0D 0A

GPS data packet (06 means adopting combined information package of GPS and LBS):

transmission: 78 78 1F 12 0B 08 1D 11 2E 10 CF 02 7A C7 EB 0C 46 58 49 00 14 8F 01 CC 00 28
7D 00 1F B8 00 03 80 81 0D 0A

Status packet:

transmission: 78 78 0A 13 44 01 04 00 01 00 05 08 45 0D 0A

reception: 78 78 05 13 00

The GT06 protocol setting:

reception: 78 78 18 80 12 00 00 00 01 53 5A 43 53 23 47 54 30 36 53 45 4C 3D 31 00 1F 0D E6 0D
0A

transmission: 78 78 21 15 19 00 00 00 01 53 45 54 4F 4B 3A 20 47 54 30 36 53 45 4C 3D 31 2C 53
5A 43 53 00 01 00 44 FD D8 0D 0A

Location data report (V1.8):

transmission: 78 78 1F 12 18 03 0C 0C 01 26 CF 02 6C C7 48 0C 36 7D 30 00 14 00 01 CC 00 25
EF 00 E8 8C 00 08 56 59 0D 0A

The server sending SZCX#GT06SEL=0

reply: SETOK:GT06SEL=0

Location data report (V3):

transmission: 78 78 26 22 17 08 1D 03 24 18 C6 02 6C C7 F8 0C 36 7D 70 00 14 90 01 CC 00 25
EF 00 E8 8D 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 B9 63 A2 0D 0A

The server sending SZCX#GT06SEL=1

reply: SETOK:GT06SEL=1

Location data report (4G):

transmission: 78 78 2E A0 18 03 0C 0A 22 2C CE 02 6C C7 78 0C 36 7C A0 00 14 39 81 CC 00 00
00 00 25 EF 00 00 00 00 05 40 E8 8C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 02 A5 93 0D 0A

The server sending SZCX#GT06SEL=2

reply: SETOK:GT06SEL=2

Location data report (V4):

transmission: 78 78 2F 32 18 03 0C 0B 30 36 C0 02 6C C7 84 0C 36 7C C0 00 04 F1 01 CC 00 25
EF 05 40 E8 8C 00 00 00 00 00 04 D8 00 00 00 00 00 00 35 12 D8 0D 0A

The server sending SZCX#GT06SEL=3

reply: SETOK:GT06SEL=3

The GT06 protocol query:

reception: 78 78 16 80 10 00 00 00 01 43 58 43 53 23 47 54 30 36 53 45 4C 00 20 62 31 0D 0A
transmission: 78 78 22 15 1A 00 00 00 01 52 45 41 44 4F 4B 3A 20 47 54 30 36 53 45 4C 3D 31 2C
43 58 43 53 00 01 00 1F 02 85 0D 0A
the server sending :CXCS#GT06SEL
reply: READOK: GT06SEL=1

ICCID upload server settings:

reception: 78 78 1A 80 14 00 00 00 01 53 5A 43 53 23 47 54 30 36 49 43 49 44 3D 31 00 23 73
B7 0D 0A
transmission: 78 78 23 15 1B 00 00 00 01 53 45 54 4F 4B 3A 20 47 54 30 36 49 43 43 49 44 3D 31
2C 53 5A 43 53 00 01 00 09 50 EA 0D 0A
the server sending :SZCS#GT06ICCID=1
reply: SETOK: GT06ICCID=1

ICCID data reporting (using 79 79 reporting):

transmission: 79 79 00 20 94 0A 01 23 45 67 89 06 66 68 04 60 08 54 52 70 84 10 89 86 04 D4 22
22 80 22 84 10 00 0C 90 73 0D 0A
reception: 79 79 00 06 94 0A 00 0C E9 22 0D 0A

Status query of the ICCID number upload server:

reception: 78 78 18 80 12 00 00 00 01 43 58 43 53 23 47 54 30 36 49 43 43 49 44 00 21 5B 93 0D
0A
transmission: 78 78 24 15 1C 00 00 00 01 52 45 41 44 4F 4B 3A 20 47 54 30 36 49 43 43 49 44 3D
30 2C 43 58 43 53 00 01 00 2C 03 08 0D 0A
the server sending: CXCS#GT06ICCID
reply: READOK: GT06ICCID=0

Set the external electric voltage report:

reception: 78 78 1B 80 15 00 00 00 01 53 5A 43 53 23 47 54 30 36 49 45 58 56 4F 4C 3D 32 00 25
BB 59 0D 0A
transmission: 78 78 24 15 1C 00 00 00 01 53 45 54 4F 4B 3A 20 47 54 30 36 49 45 58 56 4F 4C 3D
32 2C 53 5A 43 53 00 01 00 1C 33 6E 0D 0A
the server sending: SZCS#GT06IEXVOL=2
reply: SETOK: GT06IEXVOL=2

Terminal uploads the external voltage data packets:

transmission: 79 79 00 08 94 00 04 C4 00 20 30 34 0D 0A

External power voltage report status bit query:

reception: 78 78 19 80 13 00 00 00 01 43 58 43 53 23 47 54 30 36 49 45 58 56 4F 4C 00 24 73 C1
0D 0A
transmission: 78 78 25 15 1D 00 00 00 01 52 45 41 44 4F 4B 3A 20 47 54 30 36 49 45 58 56 4F 4C

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3D 30 2C 43 58 43 53 00 01 00 1A 4D 7E 0D 0A

the server sending: CXCS#GT06IEXVOL

reply: READOK: GT06IEXVOL=0

Set the V3 protocol mileage unit:

reception: 78 78 1A 80 14 00 00 00 01 53 5A 43 53 23 47 54 30 36 4D 45 54 45 52 3D 31 00 10 9E 06 0D 0A

transmission: 78 78 23 15 1B 00 00 00 01 53 45 54 4F 4B 3A 20 47 54 30 36 4D 45 54 45 52 3D 31 2C 53 5A 43 53 00 01 00 34 A5 9A 0D 0A

the server sending: SZCS#GT06METER=1

reply: SETOK: GT06METER=1

Query the V3 protocol mileage unit:

reception: 78 78 18 80 12 00 00 00 01 43 58 43 53 23 47 54 30 36 4D 45 54 45 52 00 0F A4 87 0D 0A

transmission: 78 78 24 15 1C 00 00 00 01 52 45 41 44 4F 4B 3A 20 47 54 30 36 4D 45 54 45 52 3D 31 2C 43 58 43 53 00 01 00 32 C9 C6 0D 0A

the server sending: CXCS#GT06METER

reply: READOK: GT06METER=1